

2022年度

一般選抜 A 日程

【2/5】

コミュニケーション英語 I ・ II

英語表現 I

[60 分]

**I** 次の対話において、空欄に入れるのに最も適切なものを下記の選択肢①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

1. A: Who took this picture?

B: ( )

- ① It was taken yesterday.
- ② It took me a while to get there.
- ③ I will keep that picture in the album.
- ④ I did, on our holiday in Italy.

2. A: I bought this T-shirt for myself.

B: ( )

- ① That looks good on you.
- ② Great, thank you.
- ③ You will get over this.
- ④ Who bought that for you?

3. A: What should we have for breakfast?

B: ( )

- ① That sounds nice.
- ② I will find a way to work.
- ③ The food was good.
- ④ I don't feel like eating.

4. A: I'm not good at riding a bike.

B: ( )

- ① It must be fun to ride a bike.
- ② I can teach you how to ride a bike.
- ③ Yes, I need a ride.
- ④ It takes about 30 minutes to get there.

5. A: How was the math exam today?

B: ( )

- ① I like doing math.
- ② It was harder than I thought.
- ③ I will see you after the exam.
- ④ The correct answer is A.

- 6 . A: I stayed up all night to finish this assignment.  
B: Same here. (      )  
① Give me a break.  
② I'm afraid you are running out of time.  
③ Let's get some rest today.  
④ You can stay at my house tonight.
- 7 . A: Why don't you come over to my place for a movie?  
B: (      )  
① Great idea. I will be there soon.  
② I'm sorry for being late.  
③ Where will you go?  
④ Thank you. I enjoyed the movie.
- 8 . A: I hear that there will be a new convenience store near our school.  
B: Really? (      )  
A: I know. It's good for the students, too.  
① I'm very disappointed.  
② I'm happy to hear that.  
③ It couldn't be worse.  
④ I'm not sure if it's good news.
- 9 . A: My smartphone is not functioning well these days. I think I've been using it for too long.  
B: (      )  
① Your smartphone has various functions.  
② You've been on the phone for too long.  
③ You'd better buy a new one.  
④ I will get a refund.
10. A: You are coming to the basketball match today, aren't you?  
B: (      )  
A: That is too bad. Don't miss it next time.  
① Of course, I won't miss it.  
② I can't wait to be there.  
③ Sorry, I'm not coming today.  
④ I will see what I can do.

Ⅱ 次のそれぞれの英文の空欄に入れるのに最も適切な語（句）を下記の選択肢①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

11. When I came home, my sister ( 11 ) the Olympic opening ceremony on television.  
① has watched      ② was watching      ③ is watching      ④ watches
12. The certificate will be awarded on ( 12 ) of the course.  
① complete      ② completely      ③ completed      ④ completion
13. If you are looking for an inexpensive smartphone, you can find ( 13 ) in the store across the street.  
① it      ② that      ③ one      ④ any
14. I read a book ( 14 ) a cup of tea this afternoon.  
① through      ② over      ③ during      ④ in
15. Would you mind ( 15 ) this book to the library on your way to the station?  
① returning      ② return      ③ to return      ④ being returned
16. Flying was ( 16 ) he was interested in when he was a child.  
① where      ② whose      ③ what      ④ which
17. I have only a small amount of money in my bank ( 17 ).  
① account      ② rate      ③ interest      ④ loan
18. I don't have ( 18 ) idea what he meant by that.  
① the biggest      ② the slightest      ③ more      ④ less
19. The elderly man ( 19 ) the yard of fallen leaves when I passed by the church.  
① was picking      ② was getting rid      ③ was disposing      ④ was clearing

- Ⅲ 次の文章(A)(B)の下線部 [1] ~ [10] について最も自然な英文になるよう語群①~⑤を並び替え、空欄20~39に入る番号のみを解答しなさい。なお、語群で、文頭に来る語も小文字で示してある。

(A)

### Illiteracy

Illiteracy means the lack of basic ability to read or write, including not being able to use written information in daily activities at home, at work, and in the community. According to the United Nations, [1]( ) ( 20 ) ( ) ( 21 ) ( ), illiteracy rates are especially high in many less-developed countries of Africa, Asia, and South America.

High illiteracy can slow economic development because [2]( ) ( 22 ) ( ) ( 23 ) ( ) read about discoveries made in other places. As a result, it is harder for people to make new inventions. Illiteracy also [3]( ) ( 24 ) ( ) ( 25 ) ( ) higher crime rates. It is, of course, also linked to income. In many countries, people with low literacy [4]( ) ( 26 ) ( ) ( 27 ) ( ) have high literacy. Therefore, it is important to help less-advanced countries develop literacy programs because having a population with high literacy is [5]( ) ( 28 ) ( ) ( 29 ) ( ) to make economic and social progress.

[1] 20. 21.

- |            |                     |         |
|------------|---------------------|---------|
| ① conducts | ② on world literacy | ③ which |
| ④ regular  | ⑤ surveys           |         |

[2] 22. 23.

- |                   |                      |         |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------|
| ① people          | ② to share knowledge | ③ or to |
| ④ in written form | ⑤ are not able       |         |

[3] 24. 25.

- |               |                    |        |
|---------------|--------------------|--------|
| ① and         | ② has              | ③ with |
| ④ connections | ⑤ lower employment |        |

[4] 26. 27.

- |          |                   |       |
|----------|-------------------|-------|
| ① people | ② much less money | ③ who |
| ④ than   | ⑤ make            |       |

[5] 28. 29.

- |          |               |                 |
|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| ① and    | ② poverty     | ③ the best ways |
| ④ one of | ⑤ to overcome |                 |

(B)

### The Popularity of Japanese Food

Japanese food is becoming more and more popular overseas. A survey of world travelers [6]( ) ( 30 ) ( ) ( 31 ) ( ) had the most delicious local food. Japan was ranked third after Italy and France. Why is Japanese food so popular?

The main reason for its popularity is that Japanese food is healthy. For example, a type of Japanese food known as *kaiseki ryori* including 654 food items has only 1,000 kilocalories, while a full-course [7]( ) ( 32 ) ( ) ( 33 ) ( ) kilocalories. By making good use of *umami*, Japanese food is low in calories and contains only a small amount of animal fats and oils. [8]( ) ( 34 ) ( ) ( 35 ) ( ) its beautiful appearance. By beautifully arranging foods and carefully choosing the dishes they are served in, people can enjoy both eating and seeing their food. [9]( ) ( 36 ) ( ) ( 37 ) ( ) in December 2013, which has also made Japanese food become more popular in the world. How about we Japanese re-examine the good points [10]( ) ( 38 ) ( ) ( 39 ) ( ) the world?

[ 6 ] 30. 31.

- |                 |             |         |
|-----------------|-------------|---------|
| ① that          | ② to name   | ③ asked |
| ④ the countries | ⑤ travelers |         |

[ 7 ] 32. 33.

- |                 |              |                 |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| ① has           | ② as many as | ③ French dinner |
| ④ with 23 items | ⑤ 2,500      |                 |

[ 8 ] 34. 35.

- |                  |                 |       |
|------------------|-----------------|-------|
| ① is popular     | ② Japanese food | ③ why |
| ④ another reason | ⑤ is            |       |

[ 9 ] 36. 37.

- |                     |                 |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| ① was               | ② Japanese food | ③ registered as |
| ④ cultural heritage | ⑤ a world       |                 |

[10] 38. 39.

- |           |                 |              |
|-----------|-----------------|--------------|
| ① around  | ② Japanese food | ③ so popular |
| ④ that is | ⑤ of            |              |

**IV** 次の設問(A)(B)に答えなさい。

(A) 次の文章の意味が通るように、( 40 )～( 43 )に入る最も適切なものを選択肢①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

### A Piece of Japan's Railway History

A redevelopment project in Tokyo has taken an unexpected turn with the discovery of an embankment\* from Japan's first railway line. The archeological\* wonder was found in remarkably good condition, and ( 40 ).

The approximately 800-meter remains were found in 2019, not far from Takanawa Gateway station on the JR Yamanote Line. It was part of the nation's first railway, which opened in 1872 during the Meiji era, and ran for 29 kilometers between Shimbashi and Yokohama.

Back then, the embankment was about 2.7 kilometers long. It was built over shallow water and, ( 41 ), it became a frequent subject for woodblock print artists.

Reclamation\* work means it is now surrounded by dry land and countless buildings. ( 42 ), and will do again, with several high-rise residential and business buildings and shopping centers planned for the near future. The embankment, on the other hand, looks just as it did 150 years ago.

The significance of the discovery is being celebrated by the Japanese Archaeological Association, ( 43 ). The most notable feature is its rockwork — described as a combination of traditional Japanese techniques with advanced engineering from Britain.

\* embankment = a pile of earth or stone built to carry a road or railway over low ground

archeological = relating to the study of human history through the examination of historic sites and analysis of material objects found there

reclamation = the attempt to make land which used to be under water suitable for building or farming

40. ① JR Railways Group said it was impossible to save it  
② action is being taken to preserve it as a national historic site  
③ no-one could understand what it was  
④ virtual reality technology helps visitors to experience the past
41. ① the hanging flower gardens made beautiful all summer  
② the use of waterpower provided clean energy to the city  
③ thanks to the way the passing trains appeared to simply float on by  
④ people enjoyed the view of the city as the trains passed by
42. ① The area has changed a lot over the years  
② In order to solve the aging population problem in Japan  
③ Environmental problems are discussed  
④ This carries an important message
43. ① which describes the embankment as the wisdom of the ancient Japanese to ease flooding on their farms  
② which describes the embankment as a great invention associated with the fighting during the Meiji Restoration  
③ which describes the embankment as the wisdom of the ancient Greeks in creating new land  
④ which describes the embankment as the first major project in the nation's period of modernization



- (B) 次の英文を読み、下記の設問に対する答えとして最も適切なものを①～④の中から選択肢1つずつ選びなさい。

### The Future of Entertainment

The COVID-19 pandemic\* has brought many changes to people's lives. Some effects will hopefully be short-term, but some may be long-lasting or permanent. This sounds quite negative, but it is also possible that there will be positive outcomes in certain areas of our lives. Entertainment is likely to be one of these, in spite of suffering various problems since early 2020. Global income from movie theaters fell from \$42.3 billion in 2019 to \$12 billion in 2020. Viewers in many places were forced to stay at home, while theaters and production companies closed short-term. Live concerts by musicians were also seriously affected. Then, new technologies and applications began to have an impact. At almost the same time as the new coronavirus was spreading, new online video streaming services were being introduced by major studios, such as Disney, Universal, and Warner Brothers, and beginning to compete with those already offered by Hulu, Netflix, and Amazon Prime Video. These services gave stay-at-home viewers the chance to watch top TV shows and movies safely. Although this trend was already beginning earlier, the pandemic speeded up the rate at which people accepted and began to use this technology. A similar thing happened in the live music industry as livestreaming became popular to replace going to concerts. Phil Quist, music agent for a large international agency, believes that livestreaming has many advantages for both audiences and artists. Musicians can perform from anywhere in the world, and audience members can have the opportunity to communicate with the artist on screen as well as with other people all over the world. Furthermore, performances can be enjoyed in places where the artists would never hold concerts, and there are no travel expenses. Ticket sales are booming.

As technologies develop and the public become increasingly familiar with them, experts predict that their use in the field of entertainment will continue after the pandemic. Already, several major movies, including *Godzilla vs. Kong*, have been released through movie theaters and streaming services at the same time. This will probably be the new business model in the years to come.

\* COVID-19 = coronavirus disease which spread worldwide from 2019  
pandemic = spread of a disease over a large part of the world

44. According to this passage, entertainment
- ① suffered problems but will probably see positive change.
  - ② is one area in which change has been entirely negative.
  - ③ has disappeared because of the COVID-19 pandemic.
  - ④ did not really change, in spite of people staying at home.
45. Which of the following statements is true, according to this passage?
- ① Disney, Universal, and Warner Brothers were the first to offer video streaming services for movies and TV shows.
  - ② Hulu, Netflix, and Amazon Prime Video decided to compete with the major movie studios at the beginning of the pandemic.
  - ③ Online video streaming services were starting to expand at around the same time as COVID-19 began to spread.
  - ④ The pandemic caused many people to miss the opportunity to get used to using new technologies and applications.
46. The writer says that livestreaming of concerts has several advantages, including
- ① allowing musicians to perform from anywhere in the world, and music agencies to work from home.
  - ② allowing audiences to enjoy concerts and communicate with the artists on screen without having to pay.
  - ③ allowing audiences to avoid travel expenses and enjoy concerts wherever they live.
  - ④ allowing artists and music agents to communicate with audience members all over the world.
47. Which of the following does the writer NOT think will happen after the pandemic?
- ① New technologies will continue to be used in the field of entertainment, even after the pandemic.
  - ② New technologies will probably completely replace traditional ways of enjoying entertainment.
  - ③ New technologies will continue to be used together with traditional ways of enjoying entertainment.
  - ④ New technologies being used in the field of entertainment will become more familiar to the public.